## **HOUSE BILL No. 1653**

## DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

**Citations Affected:** IC 28-1; IC 28-6.1-6-22.5; IC 28-10-1-1; IC 28-15-2-1.5.

**Synopsis:** Financial institutions. Allows a bank to sell life insurance or an annuity issued by a life insurance company in any state in which the bank operates. Specifies requirements for an Indiana bank that sells life insurance or annuities. Changes the requirements for filing a statement of condition by a bank. Prohibits a savings bank or savings association acting as a fiduciary from receiving a commission or profit as part of a transaction involving an estate, guardianship, or trust.

Effective: January 1, 2003 (retroactive); July 1, 2003.

## **Bardon**

January 21, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Financial Institutions.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in this style type. Also, the word NEW will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in this style type or this style type reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

## **HOUSE BILL No. 1653**

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning financial institutions.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

1	SECTION 1. IC 28-1-11-2.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.130-2002
2	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2.5. (a) A bank or trust company may act as ar
4	agent for the sale of any life insurance policy or annuity contract issued
5	by a life insurance company (as defined in IC 27-1-2-3) authorized to
6	do business in Indiana under IC 27-1. any state in which the agen
7	operates.
8	(b) A bank or trust company that acts as an agent for the sale of a
9	life insurance policy or an annuity contract in Indiana:

- life insurance policy or an annuity contract in Indiana:
  - (1) is subject to all requirements of IC 27; and
  - (2) must comply with the disclosure requirements under IC 27-1-38.
  - (c) A bank or trust company may not condition:
- (1) an extension of credit;
- (2) a lease or sale of real or personal property;
- 16 (3) the performance of services; or
  - (4) the amount charged for:

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1	(A) extending credit;
2	(B) leasing or selling real or personal property; or
3	(C) performing services;
4	upon a person's purchase of a life insurance policy or an annuity
5	contract from the bank or trust company or an affiliate (as defined in
6	IC 28-2-13-3) of the bank or trust company.
7	(d) This section does not prohibit a bank or trust company from
8	requiring that a person, as a condition to a transaction, obtain a life
9	insurance policy from an insurance company acceptable to the bank or
10	trust company.
11	SECTION 2. IC 28-1-11-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
12	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) Except as
13	otherwise provided in this article, the business of dealing in investment
14	securities by any bank or trust company is limited to purchasing and
15	selling securities without recourse, solely upon the order and for the
16	account of customers and in no event for its own account. A bank or
17	trust company may not underwrite or guarantee all or any part of any
18	issue of securities other than obligations issued or guaranteed by or on
19	behalf of the state or any political subdivision of the state or any agency
20	or instrumentality of either. A bank or trust company may purchase for
21	its own account and sell investment securities under such limitations
22	and restrictions as the department prescribes by rule, but in no event
23	may the total amount of the investment securities of any one (1) obligor
24	or maker, purchased or held by a bank or trust company for its own
25	account, exceed at any time ten percent (10%) of the amount of the
26	total equity capital of the bank or trust company. The limitations
27	imposed by this section do not apply to the direct or indirect obligations
28	of the United States or the direct obligations of a United States territory
29	or insular possession or of the state of Indiana or any municipal
30	corporation or taxing district in Indiana. A bank or trust company may
31	purchase for its own account and sell shares of stock in federal or state
32	chartered small business investment companies that have received a
33	permit or license to operate under the federal Small Business
34	Investment Act (15 U.S.C. 681). However, a bank or trust company
35	may not acquire shares in any small business investment company if,
36	upon the making of that acquisition, the aggregate amount of shares in
37	small business investment companies then held by the bank would
38	exceed five percent (5%) of its total equity capital.
39	(b) A bank or trust company may purchase for its own account and
40	sell:
41	(1) shares of open-end investment companies the portfolios of
42	which consist solely of securities that are eligible for purchase



1	and sale by national banking associations; and
2	(2) collateralized obligations commonly known as collateralized
3	mortgage obligations, that are eligible for purchase and sale by
4	national banking associations. However, a bank or trust company
5	may purchase for its own account and sell the obligations only to
6	the extent that a national banking association can purchase and
7	sell those obligations.
8	(c) A bank or trust company may deposit its funds in:
9	(1) a federally chartered savings association; or
10	(2) a savings association or other entity organized and operated
11	according to federal law or the laws of any state or the District of
12	Columbia;
13	the accounts of which are insured by the Saving Association Insurance
14	Fund of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
15	(d) A bank or trust company may not purchase for its own account
16	any bond, note, or other evidence of indebtedness that is commonly
17	designated as a security that is speculative in character or that has
18	speculative characteristics. For the purposes of this subsection, a
19	security is speculative or has speculative characteristics if at the time
20	of purchase the security:
21	(1) is rated below the first four (4) rating classes by a generally
22	recognized security rating service; or
23	(2) is in default.
24	(e) A bank or trust company may purchase for its own account a
25	security that is not rated by a generally recognized security rating
26	service if the bank or trust company at the time of purchase obtains
27	financial information that is adequate to document the investment
28	quality of the security.
29	(f) Except as otherwise authorized by this title, a bank or trust
30	company may not purchase any share of stock of a corporation that is
31	not a subsidiary of that bank or trust company unless the purchase is
32	considered expedient to prevent loss from a debt previously contracted
33	in good faith. Any shares of stock thus acquired by a bank or trust
34	company that would not have been eligible for purchase shall be sold
35	and disposed of within six (6) months from the date of acquisition
36	unless the director grants an extension of time for the sale and
37	disposition.
38	(g) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a bank or
39	trust company may purchase for its own account shares of stock of a
40	banker's bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund of the Federal
41	Deposit Insurance Corporation or a holding company that owns or

controls a banker's bank insured by the Bank Insurance Fund of the



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1	Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. For the purposes of this
2	subsection, a "banker's bank" is a bank (as defined in IC 28-2-14-2):
3	(1) the stock of which is owned exclusively by other banks (as
4	defined in IC 28-2-14-2), or by a bank holding company the stock
5	of which is owned exclusively by other banks (as defined in
6	IC 28-2-14-2); and
7	(2) that is engaged exclusively in providing services to other
8	banks (as defined in IC 28-2-14-2), and to their officers, directors,
9	and employees.
10	A bank's or trust company's holdings of the stock of an insured banker's
11	bank or of a holding company that owns or controls an insured banker's
12	bank may not exceed ten percent (10%) of the capital and surplus of
13	the bank or trust company. A bank or trust company may not purchase
14	the stock of an insured banker's bank or of a holding company that
15	owns or controls an insured banker's bank if, after the purchase, the
16	bank or trust company would own more than five percent (5%) of any
17	class of voting securities of the banker's bank or holding company.
18	(h) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article, a bank or
19	trust company may invest in a casualty insurance company organized
20	solely for the purpose of insuring banks, trust companies, and bank
21	holding companies and their officers and directors from and against
22	liabilities, including those covered by bankers' blanket bonds and
23	director and officer liability insurance and other public liability
24	insurance. The investment must take the form of:
25	(1) the purchase for the bank's or trust company's own account of
26	shares of stock of the casualty insurance company or shares of
27	stock of an association of banks organized for the purpose of
28	funding the casualty insurance company; or
29	(2) loans to such an association of banks.
30	The total investment of any bank or trust company under this
31	subsection may not exceed five percent (5%) of the capital and surplus
32	of the bank or trust company.
33	(i) Any bank or trust company may establish or acquire a subsidiary
34	that engages in:
35	(1) the sale, distribution, or underwriting of securities issued by
36	investment companies (as defined in Section 3 of the Investment
37	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-3); or
38	(2) the underwriting or distribution of securities backed by or
39	representing an interest in mortgages.
40	(j) As used in this section, "total equity capital" means unimpaired
41	capital stock, unimpaired surplus, unimpaired undivided profits,
42	subordinated debt that has been approved by the state or federal





legal rate on a loan or advancement, a savings bank m	ay not,
directly or indirectly, receive a profit or commission from t	he sale
to or purchase from an estate, a guardianship, or a trust of	which
the savings bank is the fiduciary unless the profit or commi	ssion is
authorized by agreement with the creator of the trust or	a court
with jurisdiction over the estate, guardianship, or trust.	

(b) A savings bank that receives a profit or commission in violation of subsection (a) shall be surcharged an amount equal to the profit or commission. In addition, a court with jurisdiction over the estate, guardianship, or trust may remove the savings bank as the fiduciary.

SECTION 5. IC 28-10-1-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.82-2002, SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2003 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 1. A reference to a federal law or federal regulation in IC 28 is a reference to the law or regulation in effect January 1, 2002. 2003.

SECTION 6. IC 28-15-2-1.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1.5. (a) Except for interest at the legal rate on a loan or advancement, a savings association may not, directly or indirectly, receive a profit or commission from the sale to or purchase from an estate, a guardianship, or a trust of which the savings association is the fiduciary unless the profit or commission is authorized by agreement with the creator of the trust or a court with jurisdiction over the estate, guardianship, or trust.

(b) A savings association that receives a profit or commission in violation of subsection (a) shall be surcharged an amount equal to the profit or commission. In addition, a court with jurisdiction over the estate, guardianship, or trust may remove the savings association as the fiduciary.

SECTION 7. An emergency is declared for this act.



